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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/621,972	07/17/2003	Ross S. Tsugita	1001.1421103	2230
	7590 12/24/200 SEAGER & TUFTE, L	EXAMINER		
1221 NICOLLE		BLATT, ERIC D		
SUITE 800 MINNEAPOLI	S, MN 55403-2420		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3734	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/24/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.		Applicant(s)	
	10/621,972	TSUGITA, ROSS S.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Eric Blatt	3734	

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The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 09 December 2009 FAILS TO PLACE THIS	APPLICATION IN CONDITION F	OR ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following rapplication in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Apple for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	eplies: (1) an amendment, affidavi al (with appeal fee) in compliance	t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Ac no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (I MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	g date of the final rejection	n.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extrunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the siset forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1 ension and the corresponding amount of nortened statutory period for reply origi	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compl filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exten Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed wind AMENDMENTS 	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, b (a) They raise new issues that would require further con (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) They are not deemed to place the application in bett appeal; and/or 	sideration and/or search (see NOTv);	TE below);	
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 4. ☐ The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12			PTOL-324)
 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowed non-allowable claim(s). 	·		·
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prove The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 53-71 and 78-81. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: 72-77.		l be entered and an e	xplanation of
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 	sufficient reasons why the affidavi	t or other evidence is	necessary and
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to or showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	ıl and/or appellant fail	s to provide a
10. \square The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation	of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.
 REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but See Continuation Sheet. 	does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:
12. Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). (13. Other:	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
/Todd E Manahan/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3734	/E. B./ Examiner, Art Unit 3734		

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: With regard to the new matter rejection, Applicant argues that the disclosure stating that a port may be positioned proximal to the occlusion balloon wherein the port communicates with an influsion lumen provides sufficient disclosure for the claimed feature of an infusion port within the proximal end region and proximal the balloon. The disclosure cited by Applicant does not describe an infusion port within the proximal end region.

With regard to the 103 rejection over Gray in view of Patel, Applicant argues that the combination relied upon in the outstanding office action fails to meet the limitation that the balloon and the first catheter shaft are configured to stop fluid outside of the first catheter shaft proximal to the balloon from flowing distally past the distal region of the shaft when the balloon is expanded. As discussed in the action, the balloon seals the lumen, thus preventing blood outside the catheter from flowing distally past the balloon. Although blood may perfuse into the catheter through a port proximal to the balloon, this blood is not outside the catheter as recited in the claims. Furthermore, as noted on page 5 of the outstanding office action, applicant has claimed a device having precisely such a port proximal to the balloon (shown in Figure 5 of Applicant's drawings) in combination with the language concerning blood flowing past the balloon. Clearly, Applicant must regard these features to be compatible with one another, or these features would not be claimed together.

Lastly, Applicant traverses Examiner's position that it would have been obvious to use the inner and outer sheaths of the modified device to deliver a self-expanding stent. Applicant concedes that it was well known to use self-expanding stents in combination with stent delivery systems having inner and outer sheaths, but submits that such a modification would not have been obvious for the device taught by Gray and Patel. Examiner sees no reason why this modification would not have been possible or would prevent the intended function of the Gray device. Further, use of inner and outer sheaths to deliver self-expanding stents was exceptionally well-known, and this modification would not have produced results that would have been unexpected to one of ordinary skill in the art. Examiner thus maintains the position that this modification would have been obvious.